

Pretest

СМИТАП



Раздел 1. Аудирование¹

1

Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего **A-F** и утверждениями, данными в списке **1-7**. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**. Вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

1. Guinea pigs need a lot of space to feel good.
2. Guinea pigs are a great choice for children.
3. Guinea pigs can communicate quite well.
4. There are a lot of pluses of guinea pigs as pets.
5. It's quite expensive to have a guinea pig.
6. Guinea pigs can have different characters.
7. Guinea pigs cause a lot of unpleasant accidents.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

¹ Ссылка на аудирование: <https://vk.cc/cLYp7K>. Для доступа также можно воспользоваться QR-кодом, если вариант был распечатан.



2

Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A-G соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 — True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 — False**) и о чем в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 — Not stated**). Занесите номер выбранного вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

- A. Mary isn't enjoying her summer holidays.
- B. Mary is looking forward to a tour of Scotland.
- C. Mary is good at taking photographs.
- D. Mary thinks a shopping spree would be a good idea.
- E. It's high time Mary's room was redecorated.
- F. Mary knows exactly what her new room will be like.
- G. Miranda's sister is going to redecorate Mary's room.

Утверждение	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Соответствие диалогу							

Вы услышите интервью. В заданиях **3-9** запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3

What do we learn about Brenda at the beginning of the interview?

- 1) She is a famous TV producer.
- 2) She never runs personal projects.
- 3) She has several projects at the moment.

4

Why did Brenda start working on *The Secret Garden*?

- 1) She likes stories of this kind.
- 2) She has never read the story.
- 3) She found the task very easy.

5

Brenda's first preference is...

- 1) being a freelancer.
- 2) running her own business.
- 3) working for a company.

6

Which of the following does Brenda NOT list as a way to fight artist's block?

- 1) Changing your routine.
- 2) Spending time outdoors.
- 3) Cooking tasty food.

7

Brenda advises artists to be...

- 1) open-minded.
- 2) balanced.
- 3) ambitious.

8

Brenda thinks young artists should try various techniques because...

- 1) specializing is a bad idea.
- 2) all of them are alike.
- 3) it helps them find their own style.

9

According to Brenda, why can social media be bad for artists?

- 1) They may develop a media addiction.
- 2) They can be pressured to draw what the public wants to see.
- 3) They lose their source of inspiration.

Раздел 2. Чтение

10

Установите соответствие между заголовками **1-8** и текстами **A-G**.
Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.**

1. Pet-friendly booking

2. Funny names

3. Different tactics

4. Seeing wild animals

5. Almost at the shore

6. Seaside observation point

7. Quiet places to explore

8. Various activities to do

A. The English have a very ironic sense of humour, and it may become clear when you discover what some of the towns and villages across England and the United Kingdom are called. Some are hilarious, while others are just plain rude. It is important to keep an eye out when you pass through the English countryside to see if you can spot a few on your travels. There's Sheepy Parva and Sheepy Magna in Lancashire, Greedy Gut in Somerset, No Place in Derbyshire. There is always something to keep people entertained during their trip!

B. England is part of the British Isles and a large archipelago off the coast of Europe. It is not a very big country. In fact, you could fit all the United Kingdom, that is, England, Wales, Scotland, and Northern Ireland, inside Texas, the USA, over 2.8 times. So, it shouldn't come as too much of a surprise to know that you are never far from the sea when you are in England. In fact, even if you are standing in the very center of the country, you are still no more than 70 miles away from the coast. What a shame that the English weather doesn't often encourage a beach day!

C. Badgers are not always farmer's best friends, but Badger Watch farm in deepest rural Dorset has decided to exploit rather than fight Britain's cutest large mammals. Extremely difficult to spot, a badger seen in the wild is an unforgettable experience. Two specially designed hides at Badger Watch Dorset offer one of the best chances of finding one. Each hide can be booked privately for up to eight people, from 6.30 pm until the lights are shut off at midnight. Alongside badgers, the hides offer a good chance of seeing foxes, deer, and rabbits.

D. Holidays are the best opportunity to explore the UK and overseas territories, spending quality time with family or friends including a four-legged one. In fact, holidays are the best excuse to go on some nice dog adventure and give your dog the best time. To plan your perfect holiday, it's a matter of finding a place suitable for dogs. The good news is that there is more choice than you may think. We found that almost all holiday accommodation and hotels have a filter which you can use to navigate your options, although some are better presented than others.

E. The Hebrides are a beautiful archipelago, where Scottish Gaelic is still spoken. Each day will be a combination of relaxation and adventure. On a full day's excursion, we may spend four or five hours in the kayaks and cover between seven and ten miles, with plenty of opportunities to land and explore islands on foot. One of the best ways to explore its coastline and spot some of the many bird species, otters and seals is by kayak. We can offer full-day guided trips, taking in hidden coves, long sandy beaches, and hidden ancient sites.

F. You never forget your first whale. Such sightings are, of course, down to good fortune and timing, but once you've seen your first whale, you will want to see another and another. Famous for its whaling fleet, the Yorkshire coast is one of the best places in England to spot Minke whales, which appear in late summer, following the mackerel. From the coastline of the Outer Hebrides, you can spot up to 23 species of whales, more than a quarter of the world's 89 known species, which pass through the waters off the west coast of Scotland.

G. In summer the possibility of finding a calm area away from the crowds of holiday-goers can be a difficult task. Known as the Heritage Coast, the Northumberland coast area of outstanding natural beauty is surprisingly crowd-free, even in high summer. If you're willing to relax, you'll find a number of excellent bathing beaches here. Heritage hunters and nature watchers are spoiled with fantastically arresting castles. Most striking is the mighty fortress at Bamburgh. Many architectural historians have declared this the most wondrous of all England's coastal castles.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **A-F** частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами **1-7**. Одна из частей в списке **1-7** лишняя. Занесите цифру, обозначающую соответствующую часть предложения, в таблицу.

Mir Space Station Dining Table

When living in a cramped space with two or more people for months, you'd think that there would be no need for a special shared zone. But on Russia's Mir space station, a high-tech dining table is **A**_____ and discuss aeronautical projects.

The Mir station orbited Earth from 1986 to 2001, straight through the end of the Soviet Union. The station was **B**_____ habitation. Cosmonaut Valeri Polyakov still holds the record for the longest continuous space stay.

The multicoloured dining table was **C**_____. It came with slots where cosmonauts could heat up tins and tubes of food like liver stroganoff and chicken in white sauce. A built-in vacuum cleaner would suck up any stray crumbs, **D**_____ could be damaged by dust. The table could also distribute hot and cold water for rehydrating food.

The Mir station was **E**_____ expected. The table was important as a surface for food prep and work. However, it was also a place where international astronauts could connect and collaborate while breaking bread. The dining table was brought back to Earth to the Memorial Museum of Cosmonautics **F**_____.

1. located in the station's core module
2. in Moscow, where it can be seen today
3. a place where the crew gather for meals
4. the first experiment with long-term space
5. a vital feature when important equipment
6. appeared at the London Science Museum as
7. in service for 15 years, three times longer than

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания **12-18**. В каждом задании запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2, 3 или 4**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Edible Gold

I like to think of myself as an open-minded person, someone who is tolerant to those with different beliefs, however wacky they may seem to me. Every rule has its exceptions, though.

A few years ago while traveling in England, I met a woman who asked me if I'd heard of edible gold. I replied that I had, as I'd seen a TV show about chefs using gold leaves as a decorative but edible garnish on dishes. I assumed that's what she was talking about. But she seemed very surprised and in a hushed, conspiratorial tone, began excitedly talking about how the ancient Egyptians had discovered that by eating powdered gold, one could become immortal. Very clearly, she believed this too. OK. I felt that all my good intentions of open-mindedness went out the window — that was just way too strange for me.

Later, when I consulted Google to see if I could learn more about this outrageous claim, I was shocked and dismayed to find thousands of Web pages describing, with great seriousness, a miraculous substance usually referred to as white powder gold. Even though I can't claim the slightest expertise in this esoteric field, I thought I'd **make an attempt to distil** the essence of these claims for your consideration.

Let's begin with culinary gold. If you walk into your nearest gourmet supply store, you can probably find, for about US\$20, a box of gold leaf manufactured expressly to enable you to impress your friends at your next dinner party. These unbelievably thin pieces of nearly pure gold add an impressive touch to chocolates, soups, sushi, or just about anything else you can think of. Because the quantity of gold is so small, the price is reasonable; yet these gold highlights make a meal appear to be extravagant and give restaurants an excuse to charge exorbitant prices.

Some purveyors of mineral supplements sell a gold colloid: a suspension of extremely tiny particles of metallic gold in water. In a gold colloid, each particle contains nine atoms of gold. Its daily dose is enough to provide a wide range of health benefits. Here, at least, there is some research behind it. A few studies found the product to be effective in managing rheumatoid arthritis and also, intriguingly, increasing I.Q. scores. These claims are at least plausible.

Our next step is one decidedly outside the realm of scientific certainty. David Hudson, a farmer living in Arizona, was trying to extract gold and silver from the tailings of an abandoned mine in the mid-1970s. In the process, he found a **mysterious** substance that defied analysis, despite years of experimentation by reputable laboratories, undertaken at great personal expense. Hudson eventually concluded the white powder was gold in a monatomic state and it has some amazing properties: when heated it can levitate and has a long list of incredible health benefits.

Hudson even received patents in Britain and Australia, though not in the USA. I should interject that the awarding of a patent does not mean that a government agency has successfully reproduced the invention in question, or even that they have validated it as being scientifically sound. Interested in alchemy, Hudson became convinced that his white powder gold was the stuff of many legends. He equated it with “the philosopher’s stone”, and “the food of the gods”, among other things. Hudson believed he had rediscovered an ancient alchemical formula. And, naturally, numerous companies sell solid or liquid forms of “white powder gold” supposedly created using variants of Hudson’s recipe.

12

The author describes the meeting with the woman as...

- 1) the funniest event in his life.
- 2) a challenge to his open-mindedness.
- 3) a source of his knowledge of edible gold.
- 4) a very mysterious event.

13

The phrase “*make an attempt to distil*” in “make an attempt to distil the essence of some of these claims” (paragraph 3) means to...

- 1) try to explain.

- 2) stress.
- 3) find the origin.
- 4) try to analyze.

14

Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a reason why restaurants use culinary gold?

- 1) It can be used on various dishes.
- 2) It appears to be an exotic decoration.
- 3) It adds a particular flavour to meals.
- 4) It allows them to raise prices.

15

The author tends to trust the information about gold colloids because...

- 1) the number of atoms in particles is known.
- 2) it helped with his rheumatoid arthritis.
- 3) he's a specialist in colloids.
- 4) it's backed by some research.

16

The author refers to the substance found by David Hudson as "mysterious" because...

- 1) it has unusual properties.
- 2) its health benefits are magnificent.
- 3) it was discovered by chance.
- 4) it can be used for any human need.

17

David Hudson thinks that the substance he discovered...

- 1) is not gold.
- 2) is the thing mentioned in legends.
- 3) doesn't need a patent.
- 4) is not for distribution in the USA.

18

From the last paragraph it can be implied that...

- 1) it's very difficult to get a patent in the USA.
- 2) Hudson made alchemy popular again.
- 3) Hudson's discovery wasn't scientifically validated.
- 4) Britain and Australia have similar scientific traditions.

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **19-24**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **19-24**.

Marriage

19	A six-year-old boy walked up to his father one day and said, "Daddy, I'd like to get married. His father replied hesitantly, "Sure, son, do you have anyone in mind? Maybe it's one of our neighbours' _____?"	CHILD
20	"No," answered the boy. "I want to marry Grandma." "Now, wait a minute," _____ his father. "You don't think I'd let you marry my mother?" "Why not?" the boy asked. "You married mine."	SAY

Supermarket encounter

21	A young man was walking through a supermarket. Suddenly he noticed that he _____ by an old lady.	FOLLOW
22	When he went to the checkout line, she got in front of him. "Pardon me," she said, "I'm sorry if I made you feel uncomfortable. It's just that you look exactly like my son whom I _____ for about 10 years."	NOT SEE
23	"I'm very sorry," replied the young man, "Is there anything I can do for you?" "Yes," she said. "As I'm leaving, can you say 'Goodbye mother'? It would make me feel much _____." "Sure," answered the young man.	GOOD
24	As the old woman was leaving, he called out, "Goodbye mother!" As he stepped up to the checkout counter, he saw that his total was \$127.50. "How can that be?" he asked, "I only bought a few things!" "Your mother said that you _____ for her," said the clerk.	PAY

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **25-29**, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **25-29**.

Tavistock: Devon at its best

25	Tavistock is situated in the quiet and beautiful valley of the River Tavy on the western slopes of Dartmoor. It is close to the Devon border with Cornwall, standing as the _____ western gateway for more than one thousand years.	IMPRESS
26	In 974 the Benedictine Abbey was founded. From these early years when the great abbey was built to today, Tavistock has seen many _____ events and many outstanding people, such as Sir Francis Drake or John Pym “father of English democracy”.	FANTASY
27	Tavistock Abbey grew and developed quickly. The Abbey church was _____ big and magnificent. The Abbey was renowned for its wealth, hospitality and learning. The surprising prosperity of the town from wool was such that it was granted a Market Charter from Henry I in 1105. The weekly market still takes place every Friday.	EXTREME
28	In 1796 copper was discovered and with this discovery the town started to grow rapidly. Tavistock could be described as the “Klondyke” of England of that time. The town was surrounded by mining activity. Tavistock was a very popular attraction for many _____.	ADVENTURE
29	With the _____ of modern society the traditions of Tavistock survive and prosper. It is still a busy market town which serves the community well. The town is also an attractive place for tourists.	DEVELOP

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами **30-36**. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям **30-36**, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2, 3 или 4**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

A quiet house

It was April and John Moore was studying for an important examination. As the date of the exam **30** _____ nearer, he decided to go somewhere and read by himself.

He did not want the amusements of the seaside, or the beauties of the countryside. He decided to find a quiet, little town and work there undisturbed. He **31** _____ his suitcase with clothes and books. Then he looked at a railway timetable for a town that he did not know. He found one, and bought a ticket to go there. He did not tell anyone where he was going. After all, he did not want to be **32** _____ .

That is how Moore arrived at Benchurch. It was a market town, and once a week it was quite busy for a few hours. The rest of the time it was a very quiet and sleepy place. Moore spent his first night at the only hotel in the town. The landlady was very kind and helpful, but the hotel was not really quiet enough for him. The second day he started **33** _____ for a house to rent.

There was only one place that he liked. It was more than quiet — it was deserted and very lonely. It was a big, old seventeenth-century house. It had barred windows like a prison, and a high brick wall all around it. It would be hard to **34** _____ a more unwelcoming place. But it suited Moore perfectly. He went to find the local lawyer, who was responsible for the house.

Mr. Carnford, the lawyer, was very happy to rent the house to him. "I'd be glad to let you have it free," he said, ". It's been empty so long that people have started to **35** _____ a lot of foolish stories about it. You'll be able to prove that the stories are wrong.

Moore didn't think it was necessary to ask the lawyer for more details of the foolish stories. He paid his rent, and Mr. Carnford gave him the name of an old servant to look **36** _____ him. He came away from the lawyer with the keys of the house in his pocket.

30

- 1) appeared 2) drew 3) moved 4) entered

Ответ:

31

- 1) wrapped 2) laid 3) piled 4) packed

Ответ:

32

- 1) bothered 2) intervened 3) interfered 4) helped

Ответ:

33

- 1) finding 2) looking 3) skimming 4) exploring

Ответ:

34

- 1) understand 2) imagine 3) know 4) seek

Ответ:

35

- 1) extend 2) promote 3) gossip 4) spread

Ответ:

36

- 1) at 2) about 3) after 4) around

Ответ:

Раздел 4. Письменная речь

Для ответов на задания **37 и 38** используйте бланк ответов №2. Черновые пометки можно делать прямо на листе с заданиями или использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий **37 и 38** особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ №2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. **Укажите номер задания 37 в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ №2 и напишите текст своего ответного электронного письма зарубежному другу по переписке.**

37

You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Oscar who writes:

From: oscar@mail.uk

To: russian_friend@ege.ru

Subject: Food

...My mom decided that now we have to eat only healthy food, and I totally agree with her! What do you eat for breakfast? What is your favourite food? What do you think about fast food?

Yesterday I started reading a book about happiness...

Write an email to Oscar.

In your message:

- answer his questions;
- ask **3 questions** about **the book**.

Write **100-140 words**.

Remember the rules of email writing.

Выберите только ОДНО из двух предложенных заданий (38.1 или 38.2), укажите его номер в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ №2 и выполните согласно данному плану. **В ответе на задание 38 числительные пишите цифрами.**

38.1

Imagine that you are doing a project on **why some Zetlanders move to big cities**. You have found some data on the subject — the results of a survey conducted among Zetlanders (see the table below).

Comment on the survey data and give your opinion on the subject of the project.

The survey question: Why did you move to a big city?	
<i>Choose one option</i>	
Reasons	Number of respondents (%)
To get a new job	34
To develop one's business	27
To get a better education	26
To have more entertainment	8
To make new friends	5

Write 200-250 words.

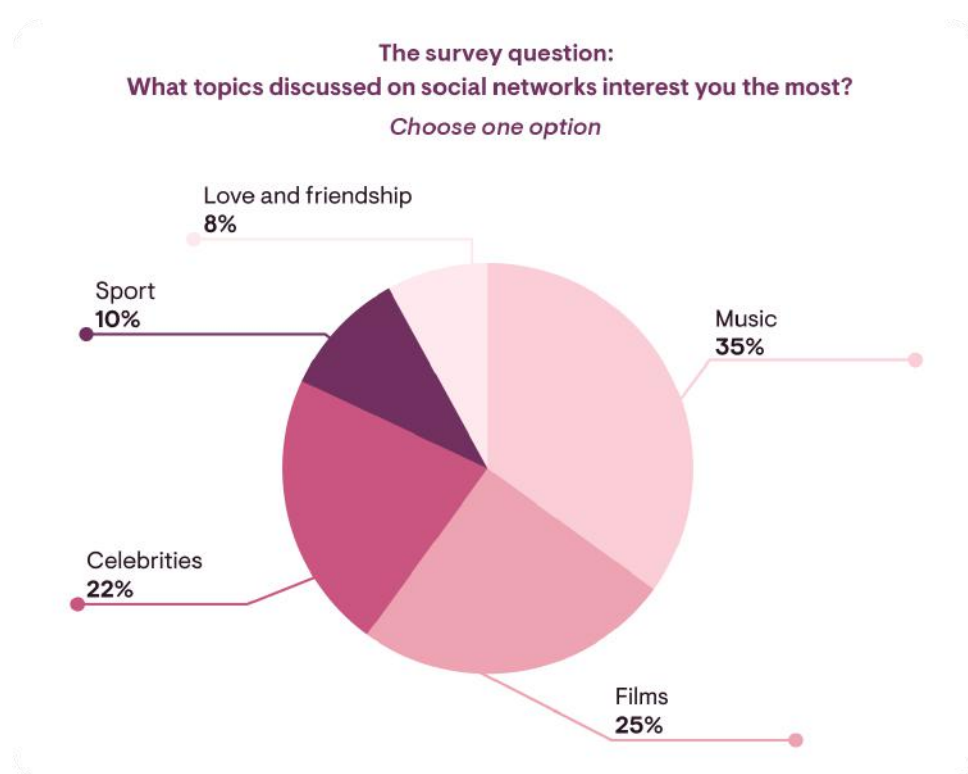
Use the following plan:

- make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
- select and report 2-3 facts;
- make 1-2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
- outline a problem that can arise **with moving to a big city** and suggest a way of solving it;
- conclude by giving your opinion on **living in a big city**.

38.2

Imagine that you are doing a project on **what topics discussed on social networks interest Zetland teenagers most of all**. You have found some data on the subject — the results of a survey conducted among teenage Zetlanders (see the pie chart below).

Comment on the survey data and give your opinion on the subject of the project.



Write 200-250 words.

Use the following plan:

- make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
- select and report 2-3 facts;
- make 1-2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
- outline a problem that one can face **with social networks** and suggest a way of solving it
- conclude by giving your opinion on **the quality of content one can find on the Internet**.