

Pretest



СМИТАП

Раздел 1. Аудирование¹

1

Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего **A-F** и утверждениями, данными в списке **1-7**. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**. Вы услышите запись дважды. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу.

1. Window shopping can lead to impulsive buying.
2. Window shopping has some pros and cons.
3. Window shopping is a way to keep up with fashion.
4. The internet has made window shopping easier.
5. Window shopping is a way of having some rest.
6. Window shopping doesn't make you spend money.
7. Window shopping helps you explore the mall.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

¹ Ссылка на аудирование: <https://vk.cc/cRpaCj>. Для доступа также можно воспользоваться QR-кодом, если вариант был распечатан.



2

Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A-G соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 — True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 — False**) и о чем в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 — Not stated**). Занесите номер выбранного вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

- A. Max and Sarah will have their summer holidays soon.
- B. Sarah doesn't enjoy watching reality shows.
- C. Max loves watching TV.
- D. Good Guys, Bad Guys features a group of teenagers.
- E. The teacher on the show used to be a musician.
- F. Sarah loves reading Shakespearean sonnets.
- G. Max has not got interested in Good Guys, Bad Guys.

Утверждение	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Соответствие диалогу							

Вы услышите интервью. В заданиях **3-9** запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3

What do we learn about John Logan at the beginning of the interview?

- 1) He is a diving teacher.
- 2) He works in the media.
- 3) He dislikes being underwater.

4

John thinks an underwater photographer should be...

- 1) patient.
- 2) unpredictable.
- 3) interesting.

5

According to John, an underwater photographer mostly needs...

- 1) time.
- 2) knowledge.
- 3) luck.

6

Which of the following is TRUE about John's style of photography?

- 1) It's his personal invention.
- 2) He got the idea for it as a child.
- 3) He doesn't use any special equipment.

7

John's book *Two Worlds*...

- 1) has about 30 beautiful pictures.
- 2) took a long time to complete.
- 3) was a spontaneous project.

8

John takes photos of the underwater world primarily to...

- 1) attract attention to ecological issues.
- 2) show people its amazing beauty.
- 3) help scientists to explore it

9

John's current project aims at...

- 1) recording changes happening to coral reefs.
- 2) fighting water pollution and global warming.
- 3) showing multiple shades of the blue colour.

Раздел 2. Чтение

10

Установите соответствие между заголовками **1-8** и текстами **A-G**.
Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.**

1. Famous cats

2. Books about cats

3. Figuratively speaking

4. Cats through history

5. Cats in cinematography

6. Why keep a cat?

7. A cat in your mobile

8. A cat or a dog?

A. Cats are among the most popular pets in the world. People love them because they are very smart, agile, sly and independent. The most common reasons why people choose cats as pets are because they are beautiful, clean, low maintenance and mostly self sufficient. Cats may not demonstrate their love and affection for their master openly but they do it in very subtle ways. Cats can sense your mood, especially your depression, and try to help you to get out of this bad emotional state.

B. Cats have been around humans for centuries and their perception by humans has varied over time. In ancient Egypt, for example, cats were almost considered gods. We know of Bastet, a domestic feline goddess of motherhood. Killing a cat, even by accident, was a serious crime. Still, there were times when cats were considered to bring bad luck, like in Europe in the Middle Ages. So, from country to country and from epoch to epoch, the attitude of people to cats has changed greatly.

C. Among the most enjoyable of reads are adult fiction cat stories. There is a certain something about cat characters. They demonstrate resourcefulness like no human can. Their inventiveness and creativity are magical and they can do incredible things. One of top book cats is Oliver from the story *The Cat Who Saved Christmas* by Sheila Norton. Another author who loves writing fictional stories about cats is Rita Mae Brown. Share these ones with kids — they'll love them!

D. Cats rule the Internet, but not all cats were created equal. Some of the cats are A-listers whether they are famous for their good looks or their remarkable stories. One of such cats is The Grumpy Cat as it always looks annoyed. There is

also the Business Cat Emilio that lives in one of the offices of a big corporation and wears a collar and a tie. It's supposed to bring luck to the firm. The Queen of the Internet is Venus, a cat whose face is half black half red plus its eyes are blue and green.

E. Not every parent is eager to get a cat as a pet for their kids. However, children, especially girls, want to get a cat so much that they buy fluffy cat toys and everything with cats on it — dresses, handbags, notebooks and so on. Now a cat lover can download a special App in their mobile and enjoy washing, feeding and stroking a virtual cat. The cat may even talk to you and play games with you. That seems to be a good solution for those who are not inclined to get a real cat.

F. Everybody likes cats, so these fluffy creatures are often featured in films, sometimes even as one of the main characters. In fact, cats are as much loved as dogs, so it's a safe bet to make a film about cats. Still, cats are much more difficult to train than dogs so there also tend to be fewer cat movies compared to dog movies. Cat lovers also enjoy fictional cats and cats in cartoons. Actually, in some people's opinion, cartoons about cats are even better than feature films.

G. Learning English you come across a lot of idioms with the word cat. The meaning of many such expressions can be easily guessed by a non-native speaker of English. For example, you hear the phrase *to let the cat out of the bag*, you immediately understand it means a secret has been revealed. Some of these expressions, though, are difficult to understand. For example, if a person is a *cool cat*, he or she is fashionable, and a *fat cat* means a person who is quite rich.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **A-F** частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами **1-7**. Одна из частей в списке **1-7** лишняя. Занесите цифру, обозначающую соответствующую часть предложения, в таблицу.

Russian food

Russian food is full of flavour and Russian cuisine is as diverse as the regions in the huge country. It may not be the first to come to mind **A**_____, but the country has plenty of delicious traditional dishes to try. Visitors to Russia are often surprised at the variety and flavors of Russian cuisine, which is influenced by Russia's connection to Europe, Asia, and the Middle East. The most classic Russian recipes **B**_____, porridges, and stuffed dough. Sour cream accompanies many dishes.

Russian food is famously heavy, filled with potatoes, mayonnaise, meat, and other delicious but not-too-healthy things. Yet, not all Russian food is a calorie bomb! There are **C**_____ also very healthy. If you're watching your diet but **D**_____ food, the best one is borscht.

Borscht is a beet soup that originated in Ukraine and was quickly adopted as a Russian specialty as well. This soup may taste strange, but **E**_____ you, as it is filled with cheap and healthy root vegetables like beets and carrots. It can be served with sour cream or yogurt and a sprinkle of fresh parsley on top. It takes quite a long time to make, but I do recommend making the stock from scratch instead of using store-bought. If you find that the stock is still lacking in flavour for whatever reason, **F**_____ the water.

1. when you think of a food destination
2. don't hesitate to add a bouillon cube to
3. especially vegetable soups, pasta and stews
4. it is actually incredibly healthy and good for
5. are made of veggies and wheat, such as soups
6. still want to try some traditional Russian dinner
7. some dinner dishes which are not only delicious but

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания **12-18**. В каждом задании запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2, 3 или 4**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Optimism vs. pessimism

Before you keep reading, take a moment to think about some of the things that happened to you today. Even better, grab a pen and write down a few specific events. So what did you come up with? Was it mostly positive stuff like: “My day’s going great! My grandmother made me pancakes for breakfast. I sat with my friends at lunch, and I actually enjoyed the English class today!” Or did your mind land on what went wrong: “My grandmother cooked breakfast and it made me so late I missed the bus. My friends wasted the entire lunch period gossiping about a boring TV show, and I had English class today. I hate Thursdays!”

Researchers have spent a lot of time studying people who think positively. It turns out that an optimistic attitude helps us be happier, more successful, and healthier. Optimism can protect against depression – even for people who are at risk of it. An optimistic outlook makes people more resistant to stress. Optimism may even help people live longer. To put it simply, optimism is healthy.

The best thing about optimism is you can learn it, even if your outlook tends to be more pessimistic. Optimism and pessimism are mindsets – ways of thinking and seeing things. Optimists see the positive side of things. They expect things to turn out well. They believe they have the skill and ability to make good things happen.

You’ve probably heard people who tend to see the faults in everything called “pessimists.” A pessimist is more likely to expect things to turn out poorly or to focus on what didn’t go well. People aren’t always optimistic or always pessimistic, but most people tend to **lean toward** one of these thinking patterns. The good news is, if you tend to be more pessimistic, you’re not destined to always think that way. We can all become more optimistic by adjusting the way we see things.

Another important thing is that optimism helps people succeed. Optimism goes beyond seeing the bright side of a situation or expecting good things. It's also a way of explaining what has already happened. When something good happens, optimists think about what they did to make the situation turn out so well. They see their abilities as permanent, stable parts of themselves. They think of how this good thing can lead to other good things.

When things don't go as expected, it's the reverse: optimists don't blame themselves. They see setbacks as temporary. When something goes wrong, optimists link it to a specific situation or event, and not to their capabilities. Because they don't view setbacks as personal failings, optimists are able to bounce back from disappointment better than pessimists.

If you tend toward mostly pessimistic thinking, you can get better at seeing what's good. Here are some things to try.

First of all, notice good things as they happen. At the end of the day, take 10 minutes to run through your day and come up with things that you're grateful for. Write them down in a journal, or keep track using a motivational app on your phone or tablet.

You can also train your mind to believe you can make good things happen in your life. Get in a habit of telling yourself specific things you can do to succeed. For example: "If I study, I can get a better grade." "If I practice, I'll perform well at the audition." "If I go on that volunteer trip, I'll meet new friends."

When something good happens, give yourself credit. Think of what you did to make a good outcome possible. Did you prepare for the test? Practise with dedication? Think of the strengths you used and how they helped you succeed.

These simple things can change your attitude to life. In the end, every cloud has a silver lining.

12

The purpose of the first paragraph is to...

- 1) provide an example of negative life perception.
- 2) emphasize the importance of journal writing.
- 3) focus on the positive side of any situation.
- 4) make you reflect on your attitude to life.

13

Which is NOT discussed in the article as an outcome of an optimistic attitude?

- 1) Improving relationships.
- 2) Fighting a sad mood.
- 3) Lengthening a person's life.
- 4) Overcoming everyday pressure.

14

The phrasal verb *lean toward* in “tend to lean toward one of these thinking patterns” (paragraph 4) is closest in meaning to...

- 1) repeat.
- 2) prefer.
- 3) learn.
- 4) develop.

15

According to the article, how can optimism help people succeed?

- 1) Expecting good things to happen actually brings the good.
- 2) By making you feel more confident about your abilities.
- 3) By shifting the focus from your skills to lucky chances.
- 4) Optimists are healthier than pessimists in general.

16

It is implied in the text that when things go wrong optimists...

- 1) avoid finding fault with themselves.
- 2) focus on short-term solutions.
- 3) analyze personal failures.
- 4) think about what they did wrong.

17

What is the author's advice on acquiring optimistic thinking?

- 1) Read motivational quotes daily.
- 2) Say "thank you" to people around you.
- 3) Ask questions about your failings.
- 4) Recognize your achievements.

18

At the end of the article the author tries to...

- 1) suggest ways to become more positive.
- 2) share her experience of optimistic practices.
- 3) encourage readers to write down emotions.
- 4) give examples of language of gratitude.

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **19-24**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **19-24**.

Ravioli

19	Ravioli is a well-known Italian dish enjoyed in many countries today. There are many _____ of filling, so everyone can find something they like. This dish is prepared from a simple dough and a savoury mixture inside.	KIND
20	It is interesting to mention that several regions of Italy claim that it was there where the tradition to make ravioli once _____ from.	COME
21	In the city of Bergamo, for instance, visitors enjoy taking photos of local ravioli festivals and decorations inspired by the dish. Every chef _____ more than 1000 ravioli every month.	MAKE

Tokyo Skytree

22	Tokyo Skytree is a very famous tower located in Japan's capital. Its height is 634 metres. It _____ the tallest structure in Japan ever since 2012.	BE
23	However, the tower _____ this title in the future, as it seems.	LOSE
24	The planned Sky Mile Tower is going to be significantly _____.	TALL

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **25-29**, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **25-29**.

Instant tea

25	Instant tea is a popular beverage all over the world. It was not an easy task to develop it. Instant tea appeared in the 1930s, but its commercial _____ started only in the 1940s.	PRODUCE
26	This form of tea quickly grew in _____ and was seen as a great alternative to soft drinks.	POPULAR
27	Instant tea has a very strong aroma and is very _____ and refreshing, especially in hot weather.	TASTE
28	It is different from ordinary tea because to make it you _____ need to dissolve the tea powder in hot or cold water.	SIMPLE
29	Instant tea is very attractive for modern people as they are always in a hurry and don't have enough time for a proper cup of tea, but some experts think instant tea can be _____ and people shouldn't drink it too often.	HEALTH

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами **30-36**. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям **30-36**, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2, 3 или 4**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Pat

Pat checked her bags at the airport the next day. She carried her overstuffed hand luggage and boarded the plane to London, feeling like she was leaving home again but **30** _____ to see her old friends too. The two years in Europe after college had been the beginning of her adult life, **31** _____ she hadn't changed physically. She still looked years younger than she was and could have passed for a teenager in ballet flats and jeans at twentyfour.

She didn't **32** _____ it but Sue and Vicky were at the airport to meet her, as a surprise when she came through customs. They held her tight when they hugged her and they both cried and so did Pat. She'd seen them at her sister's wedding ten months earlier, but that was a long time too. Her friends headed for the garage to get the car. Both her friends ascertained immediately that Pat looked happy and well, and she seemed to have more **33** _____ after living on her own for two years. They thought that she was more beautiful than ever. Sue gave a sigh of relief as she started the car. Pat **34** _____ them all about her recent trip around Europe on the drive from the airport.

Pat settled into her room that night. She unpacked her bags, and put her papers on her desk, and in a way, it was very odd. It was as though she had never left. She could **35** _____ believe she had been away for two years. She went downstairs for breakfast with Vicky the next morning. Pat informed Vicky that she had an offer from a big production company to film one of her books. However, she didn't decide whether to **36** _____ it.

30

- 1) expelled 2) excited 3) interesting 4) expected

Ответ:

31

- 1) moreover 2) therefore 3) otherwise 4) although

Ответ:

32

1) expect 2) inspect 3) persist 4) insist

Ответ:

33

1) competence 2) evidence 3) confidence 4) excellence

Ответ:

34

1) told 2) said 3) spoke 4) talked

Ответ:

35

1) merely 2) hardly 3) nearly 4) rarely

Ответ:

36

1) approve 2) admire 3) adapt 4) accept

Ответ:

Раздел 4. Письменная речь

Для ответов на задания **37 и 38** используйте бланк ответов №2. Черновые пометки можно делать прямо на листе с заданиями или использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий **37 и 38** особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ №2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. **Укажите номер задания 37 в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ №2 и напишите текст своего ответного электронного письма зарубежному другу по переписке.**

37

You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Jake who writes:

From: jake@mail.uk

To: russian_friend@ege.ru

Subject: Going rural or staying urban?

...We've moved to Birmingham. I love it here! Where would you like to live, if you could choose? Why do you think so many people move to big cities? Is it easy for young people in Russia to change where they live, why or why not?

By the way, my brother Mike got a new job!...

Write an email to Jake.

In your message:

- answer his questions;
- ask **3 questions** about his brother's new job.

Write **100-140 words**.

Remember the rules of email writing.

Выберите только ОДНО из двух предложенных заданий (38.1 или 38.2), укажите его номер в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ №2 и выполните согласно данному плану. **В ответе на задание 38 числительные пишите цифрами.**

38.1

38.1 Imagine that you are doing a project on **what teenagers eat for breakfast in Zetland**. You have found some data on the subject — the results of a survey conducted among teenage Zetlanders (see the table below).

Comment on the survey data and give your opinion on the subject of the project.

The survey question: What do you usually eat for breakfast?	
<i>Choose one option</i>	
Food	Number of respondents (%)
Sandwiches	42
Egg-based dishes	21
Fruit	17
Cereals	15
Yogurt	5

Write 200-250 words.

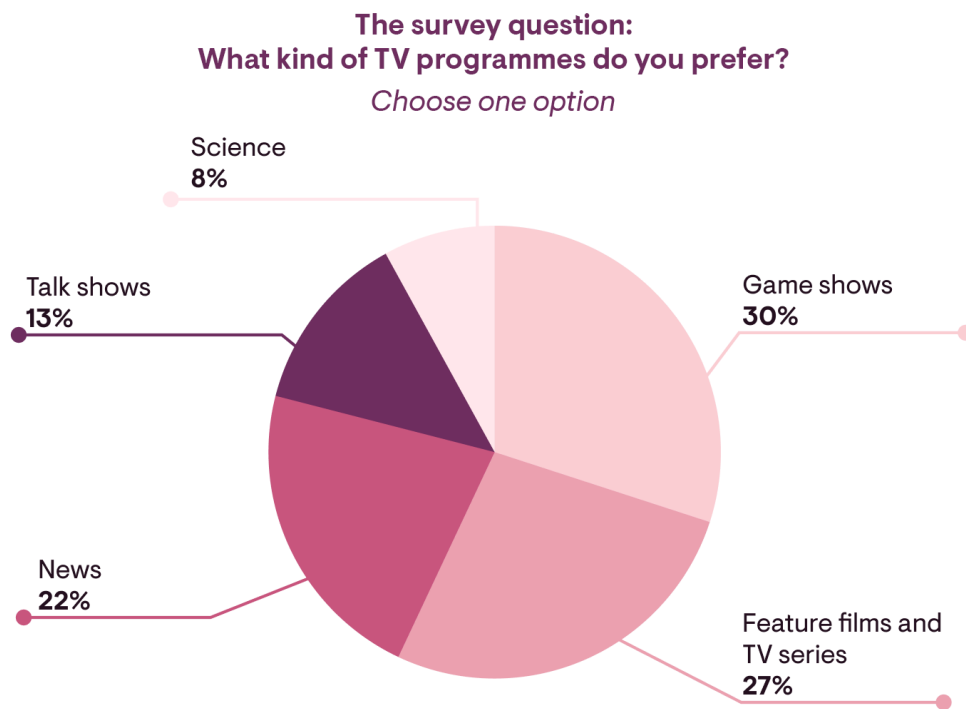
Use the following plan:

- make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
- select and report 2-3 facts;
- make 1-2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
- outline a problem that can arise **when people skip breakfast** and suggest a way of solving it;
- conclude by giving your opinion **on the importance of having breakfast in the morning.**

38.2

Imagine that you are doing a project on **the most popular kind of TV programmes in Zetland**. You have found some data on the subject — the results of a survey conducted among Zetland TV viewers (see the pie chart below).

Comment on the survey data and give your personal opinion on the subject of the project.



Write 200-250 words.

Use the following plan:

- make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
- select and report 2-3 facts;
- make 1-2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
- outline a problem that can arise **with watching TV** and suggest a way of solving it;
- conclude by giving your opinion on **the role of TV in our lives**.