

20 вариантов 3 задания из устной части

сборник Вербицкой



Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss pets. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you have a pet? What is it? If not, why not?

Student: Yes, I have a cat. It's name is Masha. It's very playful and loves to sleep on the windows when the sun is shining. I've always wanted a pet, and my family decided to adopt her when she was just a kitten.

Interviewer: What are some of the most popular pets in Russia?

Student: In Russia, the most popular pets are dogs and cats. Many people also keep fish, hamsters, and birds like parrots. I think dogs and cats are the most common because they're great companions, and they adapt well to living in both apartments and houses.

Interviewer: Who usually takes care of pets in a family?

Student: It really depends on the family, but usually, it's the parents who take care of the pets, especially when it comes to feeding them and taking them to the vet. However, children often help with playing with the pet or cleaning its living area.

Interviewer: What do you think should be done to solve the problem of homeless animals?

Student: I think there are a few things that could help. Firstly, more awareness needs to be raised about responsible pet ownership, so people don't abandon animals. Secondly, increasing the number of animal shelters and encouraging adoption would make a big difference. And lastly, stricter laws on animal abuse and abandonment could help reduce the number of homeless pets.

Interviewer: Do you think children will benefit from communication with pets? Why, or why not?

Student: Yes, definitely. Communication with pets can teach children about responsibility, empathy, and caring for others. Pets also provide emotional support and can help reduce stress. I think having a pet can also help children develop social skills and learn how to take care of something outside of themselves.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia, and we are going to discuss academic honesty. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: How often do your classmates copy somebody's answers in tests?

Student: Honestly, it doesn't happen very often in my class, but sometimes a few students might try to copy during a test, especially if the exam is really difficult. Most of us try to study hard and do the work ourselves, but there's always a small group who might try to get away with copying.

Interviewer: Have you ever asked or been asked to copy homework? Why?

Student: Yes, I've been asked once or twice to share my homework, but I always refuse. I believe it's better to do your own work and learn from it, even if it takes longer. I've never really asked anyone to copy, because I think it's important to take responsibility for my own studies, even if I find it tough.

Interviewer: In what situations do students usually start cheating if they do so?

Student: From what I've noticed, students usually cheat when they're feeling really stressed or unprepared, like before an important exam or when there's too much homework to do in a short amount of time. Sometimes, students may feel like they don't have enough time to study or that they can't keep up with the material, so they look for shortcuts.

Interviewer: What do teachers do when they notice students cheating?

Student: When teachers notice cheating, they usually give a warning first, but if it's more serious, there can be consequences, like giving a zero for the test or even informing the school administration. Some teachers might talk to the student privately to understand why it happened and to remind them of the importance of academic honesty.

Interviewer: What should be done to increase students' honesty, in your opinion?

Student: I think schools should focus more on teaching the value of honesty from an early age, so students understand why it's important to do their own work. Teachers could also make the learning environment more supportive, where students feel comfortable asking questions and don't feel the pressure to cheat. Additionally, giving students better time management skills and study strategies can reduce the temptation to cheat.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everyone! It's Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia, and we are going to discuss teenagers' attitude to the place of living. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Where do you live, in a city or in the country? What is it like?

Student: I live in a city, specifically in a medium-sized city called Tver, which is about 170 kilometers north of Moscow. It's not as big and fast-paced as Moscow, but it's still lively, with lots of parks, shops, and cafes. There are also quiet areas near the river and forests, which make it feel a bit like a mix between a city and the countryside.

Interviewer: Do you enjoy living there? Why or why not?

Student: Yes, I do enjoy living here. It's comfortable and calm, but I can also find things to do when I want to be more social or active. I like the fact that it's not too crowded, but I'm still close enough to Moscow if I want to visit it. The only downside is that sometimes it can feel a little quiet or limited compared to bigger cities, especially in terms of entertainment or career opportunities.

Interviewer: What places in your home area should a tourist visit first?

Student: If a tourist were visiting Tver, I'd definitely recommend going to the Volga River embankment for a relaxing walk with beautiful views. The Tver Kremlin is also interesting because it has a lot of history. The local parks, like the Central Park of Culture and Rest, are great for spending a day outdoors, and the Cathedral of the Assumption is really impressive as well.

Interviewer: Why do many young people move to big cities now?

Student: A lot of young people move to big cities like Moscow or St. Petersburg for better job opportunities, education, and a more vibrant social life. Big cities offer more options for personal and professional growth, plus they're more dynamic in terms of entertainment, fashion, and culture. Many young people want to experience that energy and have access to more modern amenities.

Interviewer: What would you change about your place of living to make it better?

Student: One thing I'd change is the public transport system. Although it's okay, it could be more modern and reliable, especially for people who don't drive. I'd also like to see more spaces for young people to hang out, like cool cafes, youth clubs, or creative hubs. Tver has potential, but I think it could use a bit more variety in activities for teenagers and young adults.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everyone! It's Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss the importance of green habits for nature protection. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: What do you and your friends do to keep our planet clean?

Student: My friends and I try to do small but meaningful things to help the environment. For example, we recycle as much as possible, use reusable bags and water bottles, and avoid single-use plastics. We also try to walk or bike to school instead of using cars when we can, and some of us have even participated in local clean-up events to help keep our community clean.

Interviewer: Is it important for a person to go green nowadays? Why or why not?

Student: Yes, it's really important for people to go green nowadays. The planet is facing serious environmental challenges, like climate change, deforestation, and pollution. If each person makes small, sustainable choices, it adds up to a big impact. Going green helps reduce our carbon footprint, conserve natural resources, and protect biodiversity. We all share this planet, so it's up to each of us to do our part.

Interviewer: What are popular ways to protect nature in your region?

Student: In my region, recycling is becoming more common, with bins for paper, plastic, and glass in public places. People are also getting more interested in eco-friendly products, like reusable straws and bags. Some families use energy-efficient appliances and solar panels, and there are programs that encourage planting trees to help reforest areas. Additionally, there are nature reserves where people can learn about and support wildlife conservation.

Interviewer: How can schools develop the green habits of their students?

Student: Schools can play a big role in developing green habits. They can start by teaching students about environmental issues and sustainability in science classes. Schools could also set up recycling programs, encourage students to reduce waste, and even start school gardens where students can learn about growing their own food. Organizing eco-friendly activities, like tree planting or clean-up days, would also help students connect with nature and develop responsible habits.

Interviewer: What would you change in your lifestyle to care more about our planet?

Student: I think I could focus more on reducing my energy consumption. I could be more mindful of turning off lights and appliances when I'm not using them. I'd also like to try eating less meat, since the meat industry has a big environmental impact. Finally, I'd like to get more involved in local environmental projects, like joining a group that works on nature conservation or educating others about the importance of protecting the planet.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss music. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started

Interviewer: What kind of music do you listen to the most? Why do you like it?

Student: I listen to a lot of different kinds of music, but I think I enjoy rock and alternative music the most. I like it because it's energetic, emotional, and often has deep, meaningful lyrics. Plus, the guitar riffs and drum beats just get me hyped, and I love how it makes me feel connected to the music.

Interviewer: Are there any bands or singers from your country that you're really into?

Student: Yes, there are a few Russian bands and artists I really like. One of them is Mumiy Troll, a band that plays a mix of alternative rock and pop. Their sound is unique, and their lyrics often touch on interesting themes. Another artist I enjoy is Zemfira, who's known for her powerful voice and emotional rock songs. Both of these artists have a strong presence in Russian music and have influenced a lot of people, including me.

Interviewer: Do you listen to different music when you're studying or relaxing? Why?

Student: Yes, I do. When I'm studying, I prefer instrumental or lo-fi music because it helps me focus without getting distracted by lyrics. It's calm and steady, which keeps me in the zone. But when I'm relaxing, I listen to more upbeat music, like pop, indie, or sometimes even chill electronic music, depending on my mood. It helps me unwind and feel good.

Interviewer: Do you play any musical instruments? If so, which ones?

Student: Yes, I play the guitar. I started learning a few years ago, and now I play mostly for fun. It's a great way to express myself and connect with the music I love. I'm also thinking about learning piano because I've always admired how versatile and beautiful it sounds.

Interviewer: If you could meet any singer or musician in the world, who would it be, and why?

Student: I would love to meet Billie Eilish. I find her music and her whole approach to songwriting fascinating. She's so authentic and creative, and her songs are really unique and personal. I'd love to ask her about her writing process and how she deals with the pressures of fame while staying true to herself.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss plants and gardening. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Is gardening popular with Russian teenagers? Why or why not?

Student: Gardening isn't super popular with most Russian teenagers, but it's slowly gaining more interest. A lot of teens don't have the time or space to garden, especially in cities, but some do enjoy it as a hobby or as part of environmental projects. Social media is also playing a role in getting more young people interested in gardening, especially when it comes to growing houseplants or small indoor gardens. It's becoming a trendy way to relax and connect with nature.

Interviewer: When it comes to plants, do you prefer having them inside your home or outside? Why?

Student: I prefer having plants inside my home. It makes the space feel more alive and fresh, and they help improve the air quality. Plus, houseplants are easier to manage in a small apartment, which is where a lot of people in cities live. I also like the way they add a touch of nature to my room, making it more calming.

Interviewer: What do you find the most difficult thing about looking after plants?

Student: The hardest part for me is knowing how much water they need and making sure they get the right amount of light. Some plants need specific care, and it's easy to either overwater them or forget to water them at all. Also, in winter, when there's less sunlight, it can be tricky to keep them healthy indoors.

Interviewer: What kind of plants and flowers do you see the most in your region?

Student: In my region, you often see birch trees, which are iconic in Russia. As for flowers, lilacs and tulips are pretty common in gardens, especially in the spring. People also grow roses and peonies. In the countryside, there are a lot of wildflowers like daisies and cornflowers, which give the landscape a natural beauty.

Interviewer: Are there any special traditions in Russia that involve plants or flowers?

Student: Yes, flowers play a big role in Russian traditions. For example, it's common to give flowers on special occasions like birthdays or celebrations. On International Women's Day, people give bouquets of tulips and other spring flowers to women. There's also a tradition of bringing flowers to memorials or gravesites to show respect. One interesting thing is that in Russia, you usually give an odd number of flowers in a bouquet, because even numbers are seen as bad luck.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everyone! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss Russian history. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: What are your favorite subjects at school? Do you like history?

Student: My favorite subjects are literature and history. I do enjoy history because it helps me understand how the world and my country have developed over time. Learning about past events, cultures, and people gives a better perspective on today's world and how things are connected.

Interviewer: What historical figure do you think influenced Russia the most?

Student: I think Peter the Great had one of the biggest influences on Russia. He modernized the country by introducing reforms in government, education, and the military, and he helped open Russia to Europe by creating a navy and founding St. Petersburg. His efforts to make Russia more competitive with other European nations shaped the country's future in a major way.

Interviewer: How important is it to study the history of your country?

Student: It's very important to study the history of your own country because it helps you understand your national identity and cultural heritage. It teaches you about the values and struggles of the people who came before you. By studying history, we can learn from past mistakes and achievements, and it also helps us become more informed and responsible citizens.

Interviewer: How long do you think students should study history at school? Why?

Student: I think history should be studied throughout most of a student's education, from elementary school through high school. It's such a broad and important subject that covers not only the history of your own country but also world history. By studying it for many years, students can gain a deep understanding of how different nations and cultures have developed and interacted. History also helps develop critical thinking and analytical skills, so it's valuable for students in the long term.

Interviewer: What period in the history of Russia would you like to see with your own eyes?

Student: If I could see any period in Russian history, I'd probably choose the reign of Catherine the Great. It was a time of great cultural and political development, and she was known for promoting the arts, education, and expanding the Russian Empire. It would be fascinating to witness how she shaped Russia into a powerful and influential country during the 18th century.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss volunteering. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: What kinds of volunteer organizations are there in your region?

Student: In my region, there are a variety of volunteer organizations. Some focus on helping the environment, like local clean-up groups and tree-planting initiatives. There are also organizations that work with children, the elderly, and people with disabilities. Another popular area is animal shelters, where people volunteer to take care of stray animals. During emergencies, there are also groups that come together to offer support and aid.

Interviewer: Do you think volunteering is more or less popular today than 10 years ago?

Student: I think volunteering has become more popular today than it was 10 years ago. People, especially young people, are more aware of social and environmental issues, and they want to make a difference. Social media has also made it easier to learn about opportunities and organize volunteering efforts. There's more focus on giving back to the community and being socially responsible nowadays.

Interviewer: Is volunteering important for young people? Why do you think so?

Student: Yes, volunteering is very important for young people. It helps us develop empathy, responsibility, and teamwork skills. It's a chance to learn about different communities and the challenges people face, which makes us more aware of the world around us. Volunteering also gives young people a sense of purpose and accomplishment by contributing to positive change. Plus, it's a great way to meet new people and gain experiences that can shape your future.

Interviewer: Have you ever volunteered? Why or why not?

Student: Yes, I've volunteered at a local animal shelter. I love animals, so it felt natural for me to help out there. It was a rewarding experience because I got to make a difference in the lives of the animals, and I learned a lot about responsibility and teamwork. I've also participated in a few environmental clean-up projects with my school, which made me feel more connected to the community.

Interviewer: What volunteer experience would you like to get in the future?

Student: In the future, I'd like to volunteer for environmental conservation projects, like reforestation or wildlife protection. I'm really passionate about nature and the environment, so being part of a project that helps protect it would be amazing. I'm also interested in volunteering abroad to see how different communities work together to solve global issues.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss health issues. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you often catch a cold? When was the last time you fell ill?

Student: I don't catch a cold very often, maybe once or twice a year. The last time I fell ill was a few months ago when I had a mild cold. Thankfully, it wasn't too bad, and I recovered quickly by resting and drinking lots of tea.

Interviewer: What health facilities are available in your hometown?

Student: In my hometown, we have several health facilities, including a local hospital, clinics, and specialized health centers. There are general practitioners, pediatricians, and dentists available, as well as emergency services. We also have pharmacies where people can get over-the-counter medicines or prescriptions from doctors.

Interviewer: Do you think people nowadays are healthier than they used to be in the past? Why do you think so?

Student: I think in some ways people are healthier now because we have better medical knowledge, more advanced treatments, and easier access to healthcare. People are also more aware of how important it is to exercise and eat healthy. However, on the other hand, modern lifestyles can also lead to issues like stress, lack of physical activity, and unhealthy diets, which can cause health problems.

Interviewer: In your opinion, what are the most frequent health problems with young people in your country?

Student: I think some of the most common health problems for young people in Russia are related to stress, especially from school pressure. Mental health issues like anxiety and depression are becoming more common. Another issue is that many young people don't get enough exercise or spend too much time in front of screens, leading to problems like poor posture or weight gain.

Interviewer: What should parents do to encourage teenagers to take care of their health?

Student: Parents can encourage teenagers by setting a good example themselves, like exercising regularly and eating healthy. They should also talk openly about the importance of taking care of both physical and mental health. Encouraging teens to get involved in sports, spend time outdoors, and maintain a balanced diet can help them develop healthy habits. It's also important for parents to create a supportive environment where teenagers feel comfortable discussing any health concerns.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everyone! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss how young people choose their career. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Have you already decided on your future career?

Student: I haven't completely decided yet, but I have a few ideas in mind. I'm still exploring different options and trying to figure out what I'm truly passionate about. It's a big decision, so I'm taking my time to make sure I choose something that suits me.

Interviewer: What can you tell us about your career plans?

Student: Right now, I'm interested in pursuing a career in technology or engineering. I enjoy problem-solving, working with computers, and learning how things work, so those fields seem like a good fit for me. I'm also considering going into environmental science because I care a lot about nature and want to make a positive impact on the planet.

Interviewer: Is parents' opinion important in choosing a career for you, and why?

Student: My parents' opinion is important to me because they have more life experience and can offer valuable advice, but ultimately, I believe the final decision should be mine. It's important to listen to their input, especially if they see strengths or opportunities I might not have considered. But at the same time, I think it's crucial to follow my own interests and passions, as I'll be the one living with that career choice.

Interviewer: What problems may appear when discussing a career choice in the family?

Student: One problem that might come up is a difference in opinions. Sometimes parents have specific expectations or want their children to follow a certain path, which might not align with what the teenager wants. This can create pressure or tension. Another issue is that parents might focus more on job stability or income, while young people may be more interested in personal fulfillment and passion. It's important to have open conversations and find a balance between practicality and following your dreams.

Interviewer: What advice would you give to a teenager who has not chosen their future career yet?

Student: My advice would be not to rush the decision. It's okay to take your time and explore different fields. Try to learn as much as you can about different careers by talking to people who work in those areas, doing internships, or joining clubs. Also, think about what you're passionate about and what skills you enjoy using, because a fulfilling career is often one that aligns with your interests and strengths. And don't be afraid to change your mind – many people switch careers later on, and that's totally fine.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss problems of big cities. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you live in a big city or a small town? What is it like?

Student: I live in a big city, and it's both exciting and overwhelming at times. There are always things happening, like events, concerts, and places to explore, which is great. But it's also crowded, noisy, and fast-paced, which can make it stressful. Still, I enjoy the variety and opportunities that living in a big city offers.

Interviewer: What transport do most people use to get around in your city or town?

Student: In my city, most people use public transportation like buses, trams, and the metro. The metro is especially popular because it's fast and efficient, helping people avoid traffic jams. Many people also use cars, but traffic can be a big problem during rush hour. Recently, more people are starting to use bicycles or electric scooters, especially for shorter trips.

Interviewer: Do you think big cities are safe for teenagers or not? Why?

Student: I think big cities can be safe for teenagers if they're careful and aware of their surroundings. There are areas that are well-policed and have lots of people around, which makes them safer. However, there are also risks like crime, heavy traffic, or even getting lost in a large city. It's important for teenagers to know how to stay safe, like avoiding dangerous areas at night and using common sense when out alone.

Interviewer: What are some of the problems in big cities in your country? Give an example.

Student: One major problem in big cities is traffic congestion. During peak hours, the streets are packed with cars, and it can take a long time to get anywhere. This leads to increased air pollution and frustration for commuters. Another issue is the lack of green spaces in some parts of the city, which makes it harder for people to relax and escape the urban environment.

Interviewer: What measures would you introduce to solve this problem?

Student: To reduce traffic congestion, I think investing in more public transportation options and encouraging people to use them would help a lot. Expanding bike lanes and pedestrian-friendly areas would also reduce the number of cars on the road. As for the lack of green spaces, the city could prioritize creating more parks and green areas, even in densely populated neighborhoods. This would improve the quality of life for everyone and help reduce pollution.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss family traditions. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you have a big or a small family? How many members are there in your family?

Student: I have a small family. There are four of us—my parents, my younger brother, and me. It's nice because we're all pretty close and spend a lot of time together.

Interviewer: Who do you feel closest to in your family and why?

Student: I feel closest to my mom. She's always been very supportive and understanding, and I can talk to her about anything. We have a similar way of thinking, and she gives great advice whenever I need it.

Interviewer: What family traditions do you keep?

Student: One of our main family traditions is celebrating New Year's Eve together. We always have a big dinner, watch old movies, and at midnight, we make wishes while the clock chimes. We also celebrate birthdays with homemade cakes and get-togethers, which is another tradition I love.

Interviewer: Do you like these traditions? Why, or why not?

Student: Yes, I really like these traditions. They give us a chance to spend quality time together as a family, and they create memories that we all cherish. It's nice to have certain things to look forward to each year, and it helps strengthen our bond.

Interviewer: What family traditions would you like to have when you start your own family?

Student: When I start my own family, I'd like to keep the New Year's Eve tradition because it's such a joyful time. I'd also like to create new traditions, like a monthly family game night or an annual trip somewhere, so we can stay connected and make special memories together.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss a healthy lifestyle. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you think you have a healthy lifestyle or not? Why do you think so?

Student: I think I try to maintain a healthy lifestyle, but there's always room for improvement. I try to eat balanced meals, stay active, and get enough sleep. However, sometimes I find myself spending too much time on screens or snacking on unhealthy foods, so it's something I'm working on.

Interviewer: What sports do you and your friends enjoy doing?

Student: My friends and I enjoy playing football and basketball. These sports are really popular where I live, and they're a great way to stay active and have fun together. Some of my friends are also into running and going to the gym, and we sometimes join them for workouts.

Interviewer: What food is popular among young people in your country? Is it healthy?

Student: Fast food is quite popular among young people in Russia, like burgers, pizza, and snacks. Unfortunately, most of it isn't very healthy. However, there's also a growing interest in healthier options, like smoothies, salads, and sushi, especially in bigger cities. It's good to see more young people becoming aware of what they're eating and choosing healthier alternatives.

Interviewer: How can schools support a healthy lifestyle?

Student: Schools can support a healthy lifestyle by providing nutritious meals in the canteens and teaching students about healthy eating and exercise during P.E. classes. They could also encourage more physical activity by offering a variety of sports and fitness programs, as well as creating spaces for students to relax and de-stress. Mental health is also a part of a healthy lifestyle, so schools should promote a positive and supportive environment.

Interviewer: What would you change in your lifestyle to make it healthier?

Student: I'd probably try to reduce the amount of time I spend on my phone and computer, especially in the evenings, to get better sleep. I'd also like to be more consistent with exercising, maybe by starting a regular workout routine. And, of course, I could improve my diet by cutting back on junk food and eating more fruits and vegetables.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss the importance of foreign languages for making a career. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: What foreign languages do you learn at school?

Student: At school, I'm learning English as my main foreign language. It's the most commonly taught language in Russian schools, and I also have the option to learn other languages like German or French, though I've focused mainly on English so far.

Interviewer: How important is it for a person to speak a foreign language?

Student: I think it's really important to speak at least one foreign language, especially in today's globalized world. Being able to communicate with people from different countries opens up a lot of opportunities, whether for travel, studying abroad, or even just understanding other cultures better. It also helps you access information and ideas that might not be available in your native language.

Interviewer: Do you think foreign languages are important for making a career today? Why do you think so?

Student: Yes, foreign languages are definitely important for making a career today. Many companies operate internationally, and being able to speak another language makes you more competitive in the job market. It shows that you have communication skills and are open to working with people from different backgrounds. Plus, many jobs require interaction with clients, colleagues, or partners from other countries, so knowing a foreign language can really give you an edge.

Interviewer: What foreign languages are popular among employers today? Why?

Student: English is the most popular language among employers because it's widely used in international business, technology, and science. However, other languages like Chinese, Spanish, and German are also in demand, depending on the industry. For example, Chinese is important for businesses working with companies in China, while German is valuable in industries like engineering or manufacturing due to Germany's strong economy.

Interviewer: In what professions are foreign languages needed the most? Why is that so?

Student: Foreign languages are especially needed in professions like international business, diplomacy, tourism, and translation. In these fields, communication with people from other countries is essential. For example, in business, you may need to negotiate deals or collaborate with international teams. In diplomacy, it's all about building relationships between countries. And in tourism, speaking a foreign language helps you interact with visitors from around the world.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss school holidays. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you think spending your school holidays with your school friends is a good idea or not? Why do you think so?

Student: I think spending holidays with school friends can be a great idea. You already share similar interests and know each other well, so it's fun to hang out and relax outside of the classroom. Plus, holidays give you more time to bond and do activities you wouldn't normally have time for during the school year. However, it's also good to have a balance and spend time with family or try new things.

Interviewer: How do you spend your school holidays?

Student: I usually spend my school holidays in a mix of ways. I like to travel with my family if we can, either visiting new places or going to the countryside. When I'm at home, I hang out with my friends, play sports, and catch up on hobbies like reading or gaming. I also try to use the time to relax and recharge before school starts again.

Interviewer: Did you use to spend your school holidays differently when you were in primary school?

Student: Yes, when I was in primary school, I used to spend more time with my family during the holidays. We would go on more trips together, and I'd spend a lot of time playing outside or doing fun activities like going to the park or visiting relatives. I didn't plan my time as much back then, so it was all about playing and having fun without worrying about anything else.

Interviewer: How did you use school holidays for self-education?

Student: During the holidays, I used the free time to focus on self-education. I read books or articles on subjects I was interested in or took online courses to improve my skills, like learning a new language or exploring a topic that hadn't been covered in school. It's a great way to learn at my own pace without the pressure of exams or assignments.

Interviewer: Would you prefer to have them longer?

Student: I think most students would say yes! Having longer holidays would give me more time to relax and do the things I enjoy. It would also give me more time for self-education or even trying out new experiences, like volunteering or learning a new hobby. However, I also understand that a balance is important, and too long of a break might make it harder to get back into the school routine.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss environment protection. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you think it is important to protect nature? Why do you think so?

Student: Yes, I think it's incredibly important to protect nature. We depend on the environment for clean air, water, and food, and damaging it has serious consequences for our health and the planet's survival. If we don't take care of nature, we'll face more problems like climate change, pollution, and loss of biodiversity, which will affect everyone's future.

Interviewer: What can you tell us about ways of environment protection in your region?

Student: In my region, there are several initiatives aimed at protecting the environment. We have recycling programs to reduce waste, and some people are getting more interested in using renewable energy sources like solar panels. There are also community clean-up events, where volunteers gather to pick up litter from public places like parks and riversides. It's a small step, but it's encouraging to see people becoming more aware of these issues.

Interviewer: How did people take care of the planet 10 years ago?

Student: Ten years ago, I think there was less awareness about environmental issues than there is today. People didn't recycle as much, and fewer were concerned about things like reducing plastic use or saving energy. However, there were still efforts to protect nature, such as government regulations on pollution and conservation programs to protect endangered species. But compared to today, the environmental movement wasn't as strong or widespread.

Interviewer: Who is responsible for environment protection in your opinion?

Student: I believe that everyone shares responsibility for protecting the environment. Governments need to create laws and policies that promote sustainability, companies should adopt eco-friendly practices, and individuals can make everyday choices that reduce their impact on the planet. It's not just one group's job—if we all work together, we can make a bigger difference.

Interviewer: What measures can be taken to improve the ecological situation in the future?

Student: To improve the ecological situation, we need to take several steps. First, governments should enforce stricter regulations on industries that pollute and invest more in renewable energy. People need more education on environmental issues so they can make informed choices, like reducing plastic use, conserving water, and supporting sustainable products. It's also important to reforest areas that have been destroyed and protect wildlife habitats. If we act now, we can prevent further damage and help restore balance.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss local tourist attractions. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: What region of Russia are you from? What is it famous for?

Student: I'm from the Moscow region, which is famous for being the political, cultural, and historical center of Russia. Moscow itself is known for iconic landmarks like the Kremlin, Red Square, and St. Basil's Cathedral. It's also a hub for art, music, and literature, and it has a rich history that draws people from all over the world.

Interviewer: Do you think your region is popular with tourists? Why do you think so?

Student: Yes, I think the Moscow region is very popular with tourists. Moscow is one of the most visited cities in Russia because of its historical significance and world-famous landmarks. It's also a modern city with a vibrant atmosphere, great museums, and theaters, so there's always something to see and do for tourists.

Interviewer: Are most of your local sights related to history? Are there any new attractions?

Student: Many of the local sights in my region are related to history, like the Kremlin and other architectural treasures from different periods of Russian history. However, there are also newer attractions, like modern art galleries, skyscrapers like the Moscow City complex, and Zaryadye Park, which blends nature with cutting-edge architecture. There's a mix of old and new for visitors to explore.

Interviewer: What season is the best to visit your region, and why?

Student: I think the best time to visit Moscow is in the late spring or early autumn. In spring, the weather is mild, and the parks and gardens are in full bloom, making it a beautiful time to explore the city. Autumn is also nice because the city looks stunning with all the colorful leaves, and it's less crowded with tourists compared to the summer.

Interviewer: What attractions of your region would you recommend a foreigner to visit?

Student: I would definitely recommend visiting Red Square and the Kremlin because they're iconic and full of history. The Tretyakov Gallery is a must-see for anyone interested in Russian art. For a more modern experience, I'd suggest visiting the Moscow City skyscrapers or taking a walk through Gorky Park and Zaryadye Park. These places show different sides of Moscow, from its rich history to its modern culture.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss Internet safety. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: Do you use the Internet often? Why is it so?

Student: Yes, I use the Internet every day. It's a big part of my life for schoolwork, staying in touch with friends, and entertainment. I also use it to explore new information and learn about topics I'm interested in. The Internet is so convenient for accessing just about anything you need quickly.

Interviewer: What do you use social networks for?

Student: I use social networks to connect with friends, share updates, and see what's going on in the world. It's a great way to stay informed, see the latest trends, and even discover new hobbies or communities. Sometimes I also use them for group projects or staying updated on school events.

Interviewer: How important is it for people to protect their identity in social networks?

Student: It's really important to protect your identity on social networks. Sharing too much personal information can put you at risk for things like identity theft or online scams. Also, anything you post can stay online forever, so it's important to be mindful of what you share and who can see it.

Interviewer: Why do people feel worried when shopping online?

Student: People often feel worried when shopping online because there's always a risk of fraud or having your payment information stolen. Sometimes websites can be fake, or hackers can target online transactions. There's also the concern of receiving poor-quality products or not getting the item you ordered.

Interviewer: What might be done to prevent data leaks?

Student: To prevent data leaks, companies should invest in strong cybersecurity measures, like encrypting data and using secure servers. Individuals should also be careful by using strong passwords, enabling two-factor authentication, and only sharing sensitive information on trusted websites. Education about online safety is key to reducing these risks.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss extracurricular activities at school. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: What do you usually do after school? Do you attend any clubs?

Student: After school, I usually attend a few clubs. I'm a member of a robotics club and a debate team. Robotics is really interesting because we get to build things and learn about technology. Debate helps me improve my public speaking and critical thinking skills. It's a nice way to relax but also stay productive after class.

Interviewer: What extracurricular activities did you do when you were at primary school?

Student: When I was in primary school, I attended an art club and a soccer team. I enjoyed art because it let me be creative, and soccer was a great way to stay active and have fun with my friends. It also taught me a lot about teamwork.

Interviewer: What school clubs are the most popular with your friends?

Student: Some of the most popular clubs with my friends are the drama club, the music band, and the student council. A lot of my friends enjoy expressing themselves through acting or playing instruments. The student council is popular because it gives them a chance to get involved in school leadership and plan events.

Interviewer: In what ways do school clubs benefit teenagers?

Student: School clubs benefit teenagers in a lot of ways. They help us develop new skills, like leadership, teamwork, and communication. Clubs also give us a chance to explore our interests and hobbies outside of regular academic classes. Plus, they help us meet new people and make friends who share similar passions.

Interviewer: Should school clubs be run by students? Why or why not?

Student: I think school clubs can benefit from being run by students, but with some guidance from teachers. When students run clubs, it gives them leadership experience and a sense of responsibility. However, having teachers involved ensures that everything stays organized and helps if students need support or advice.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.

Interviewer: Hello everybody! It's the Teenagers Round the World Channel. Our guest today is a teenager from Russia and we are going to discuss computer knowledge and skills. We'd like to know our guest's point of view on this issue. Please answer five questions. So, let's get started.

Interviewer: How often do you use electronic devices? What are your favourite ones?

Student: I use electronic devices every day, both for school and for fun. My favorite ones are probably my laptop and smartphone. I use my laptop for studying, writing papers, and sometimes gaming, while my smartphone is handy for staying in touch with friends and browsing the Internet. I also use a tablet occasionally for reading or watching videos.

Interviewer: Do you think knowledge of computer technology is necessary for everyone? Why do you think so?

Student: Yes, I believe knowledge of computer technology is necessary for everyone nowadays. Technology is a part of almost every aspect of our lives, from schoolwork to work and communication. Knowing how to use computers and the Internet helps people stay connected, access information easily, and even find job opportunities. In many careers, computer skills are essential.

Interviewer: What computer skills are the most important nowadays?

Student: I think the most important computer skills nowadays are basic coding, using productivity software like word processors and spreadsheets, and digital literacy, such as knowing how to search for reliable information online and understanding cybersecurity. Being familiar with cloud technology and collaboration tools is also important, especially with remote work and online learning becoming more common.

Interviewer: What are the possible dangers of the digital world?

Student: There are several dangers in the digital world, such as cyberbullying, online scams, and identity theft. Data privacy is another big issue because personal information can be hacked or misused. Additionally, spending too much time online or on social media can negatively impact mental health, especially for teenagers. It's important to be aware of these risks and know how to stay safe online.

Interviewer: What ideas would you suggest to improve computer skills of the people in your region?

Student: To improve computer skills in my region, I think schools could offer more specialized computer courses, such as coding, digital literacy, and even cybersecurity training. Free community workshops on using different software and understanding digital safety could help adults and those less familiar with technology. Having local libraries provide access to computers and offering basic tech support could also be beneficial.

Interviewer: Thank you very much for your interview.